

Rational Expressions Partner Activity

Directions: You and your partner will work together to complete these radical expression problems. Partner A will complete the problems on the left and Partner B will complete the problems on the right. When you are done, your answers should match. If not, work together to find and correct your mistake.

For #1-3, simplify the radical expression. Don't forget to list any domain restrictions.

$1. \frac{x-5}{7x-35} = \frac{\cancel{x-5}}{\cancel{7}(x-5)} = \frac{1}{7}$ $x \neq 5$	$1. \frac{x+3}{7x+21} = \frac{\cancel{x+3}}{\cancel{7}(x+3)} = \frac{1}{7}$ $x \neq -3$
$2. \frac{x^2 - 2x - 15}{x - 5} = \frac{(x-5)(x+3)}{\cancel{x-5}} =$ $x \neq 5$	$2. \frac{x^2 + x - 6}{x - 2} = \frac{(x+3)(x-2)}{\cancel{x-2}} =$ $x \neq 2$
$3. \frac{x^2 - x - 12}{x^2 - 9x + 20} = \frac{(x-4)(x+3)}{\cancel{(x-4)(x-5)}} =$ $x \neq 4, x \neq 5$	$3. \frac{x^2 - 4x - 21}{x^2 - 12x + 35} = \frac{(x-7)(x+3)}{\cancel{(x-7)(x-5)}} =$ $x \neq 7, x \neq 5$

For #4-8, multiply or divide the radical expressions and simplify.

$4. \frac{6x+9}{3x-15} \cdot \frac{x-5}{4x+6} = \frac{3(2x+3)(x-5)}{3(x-5) \cdot 2(2x+3)}$ $= \frac{1}{2}$ $x \neq 5, x \neq -\frac{3}{2}$	$4. \frac{x+5}{2x-2} \cdot \frac{x^2 + 4x - 5}{x^2 + 10x + 25} = \frac{x+5}{2(x-1)} \cdot \frac{(x-1)(x+5)}{(x+5)(x+5)}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $x \neq 1, -5 \neq x$
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$$5. \frac{x^2 + 2x - 8}{7} \cdot \frac{7x + 21}{x^2 + 7x + 12}$$

$$\frac{(x+4)(x-2) \circ \cancel{(x+3)}}{\cancel{(x+3)}(x+4)} = x-2$$

$$x \neq -3, x \neq -4$$

$$6. \frac{x^2 + 8x + 12}{3x + 9} \cdot \frac{x + 3}{x^2 + 2x - 24}$$

$$\frac{(x+2)(x+6)(x+3)}{3(x+3)(x+6)(x-4)} \\ \frac{x+2}{3(x-4)} \quad x \neq -3, x \neq -6 \\ x \neq 4$$

$$7. \frac{x^2 + 10x + 16}{x^2 + 6x + 8} \div \frac{1}{x+4}$$

$$\frac{(x+8)(x+2)}{(x+2)(x+4)} \cdot \frac{(x+4)}{1} \\ x \neq -2, x \neq -4$$

$$8. \frac{x^2 - 9}{x^2 + 7x + 12} \div \frac{x^2 - 5x + 6}{x^2 - 8x + 12}$$

$$\frac{(x+3)(x-3)}{(x+4)(x+3)} \cdot \frac{(x-6)(x+2)}{(x-3)(x+2)} \\ \frac{x-6}{x+4}$$

$$x \neq -4, -3, 3, 2$$

$$5. \frac{5x + 50}{x + 10} \cdot \frac{x-2}{5} = \frac{\cancel{5}(x+10)(x-2)}{\cancel{x+10} \cdot \cancel{5}}$$

$$x \neq -10$$

$$6. \frac{x^2 + 6x + 8}{9x + 45} \cdot \frac{3x + 15}{x^2 - 16}$$

$$\frac{(x+2)(x+4) \circ 3(x+5)}{9(x+5)(x+4)(x-4)} = \frac{3(x+2)}{9(x-4)} \\ = \frac{x+2}{3(x-4)} \quad x \neq -5, -4, 4$$

$$7. \frac{x^2 + 11x + 24}{x^2 + 5x + 6} \div \frac{1}{x+2}$$

$$\frac{(x+8)(x+3)}{(x+2)(x+3)} \cdot \frac{x+2}{1} \\ x \neq -2, x \neq -3$$

$$8. \frac{x^2 - 5x - 6}{x^2 + 6x + 5} \div \frac{x^2 - x - 20}{x^2 - 25}$$

$$\frac{(x-6)(x+1)}{(x+5)(x+1)} \cdot \frac{(x+5)(x-5)}{(x-5)(x+4)} \\ \frac{x-6}{x+4}$$

$$x \neq -5, -1, 5, -1$$