1. Use your knowledge of transformations to find <u>the equation</u> $y = a \sin(bx + c) + d$ of each situation described below (assume all parts of the model Ferris wheel from part 1 remain the same unless specifically stated below: Ferris Wheel starts at point A, radius of 1 meter, rotates counterclockwise in 6 minutes, center of Ferris Wheel at the water line). Use the <u>Ferris Wheel</u> site from part 1 as needed:

a. The Ferris wheel has a radius of 10 meters.

- b. The Ferris wheel has a radius of 1 meter and completes a rotation in 3 minutes (rather than the typical 6 minutes).
- c. The Ferris wheel has a radius of 10 meters and completes a rotation in 12 minutes.
- d. The Ferris wheel has a radius of 3 meter and completes a rotation in 6 minutes, but the center of the wheel is 1 meter above the water line.
- e. The Ferris wheel has a radius of 10 meters, completes a rotation in 12 minutes, and the center of the water wheel is 0.5 meters below the water line.
- f. The Ferris wheel has a radius of 10 meters and completes a rotation in 6 minutes, but turns the opposite direction (clockwise).
- g. The Ferris wheel has radius of 1 meter and makes a complete rotation (counterclockwise) in 6 minutes, but riders board the Ferris wheel at point D (so point D occurs at 0 seconds).

- 2. For each equation below, describe the Ferris wheel:
 - i. radius,
 - ii. time to complete one rotation,
 - iii. height of the center of the Ferris wheel,
 - iv. what point on the Ferris wheel riders board,
 - v. rotating clockwise or counterclockwise.

a.
$$y = 12 \sin(x) + 1$$
 b. $y = \sin(6x) + 8$

c. $y = -3 \sin(0.25x)$

d. $y = 20 \sin(x - 90)$

e. $y = 10 \sin(x + 60) - 5$