

**Example 1:** Write an equation given the slope and y-intercept:

a. slope = 4, y-intercept = 6

$$y = 4x + 6$$

**You try:**

1. Slope is 8; y-intercept is -5.

$$y = 8x - 5$$

2. Slope is  $\frac{2}{3}$ ; y-intercept is -2.

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x - 2$$

3. Slope is -3; y-intercept is 7.

$$y = -3x + 7$$

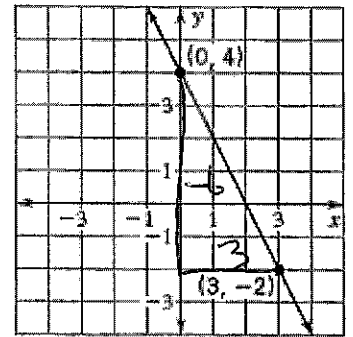
**Example 2:** Write an equation of a graph.

a. Write an equation of the graph: →

$$y = -\frac{6}{3}x + 4$$

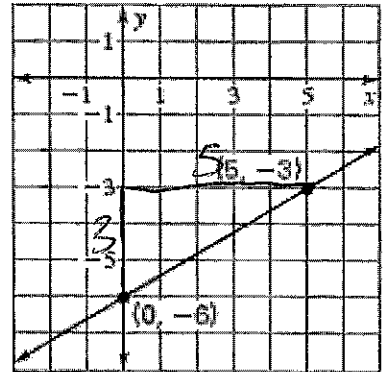
OR

$$y = -2x + 4$$

**You try:**

5. Write an equation of the graph: →

$$y = \frac{5}{3}x - 6$$

**Example 3:** Write an equation given slope and 1 point on the line

a. Write an equation of the line that passes through the point (1, 2) and has a slope of 3.

Work backwards → so (0, -1) b/c  $2 - 3 = -1$ 

$$y = 3x - 1$$

**You try:**

6. Write an equation of the line that passes through the point (2, 2) and has a slope of 4.

Work backwards twice so  $\rightarrow (0, -6)$  b/c  $2 - 4 \cdot 2 = -6$

$$y = 4x - 6$$

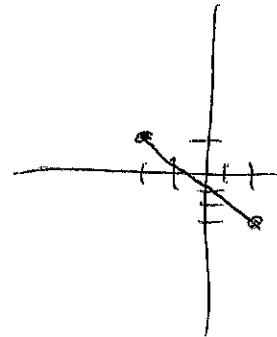
**Example 4:** Write an equation given 2 points on the line

a. Write an equation of the line that passes through (2, -3) and (-2, 1).

$$m = \frac{1 - (-3)}{-2 - 2} = \frac{4}{-4} = -1$$

$$b = -1$$

$$y = -x - 1$$



**You try:**

7. Write an equation of the line that passes through the points (-8, -13) and (4, 2).

$$m = \frac{2 - (-13)}{4 - (-8)} = \frac{15}{12} = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$b = -3$$

$$y = \frac{5}{4}x - 3$$

8. Write an equation of the line that passes through the points (-2, 15) and (1, 9).

$$m = \frac{9 - 15}{1 - (-2)} = \frac{-6}{3} = -2$$

$$b = 11$$

$$y = -2x + 11$$

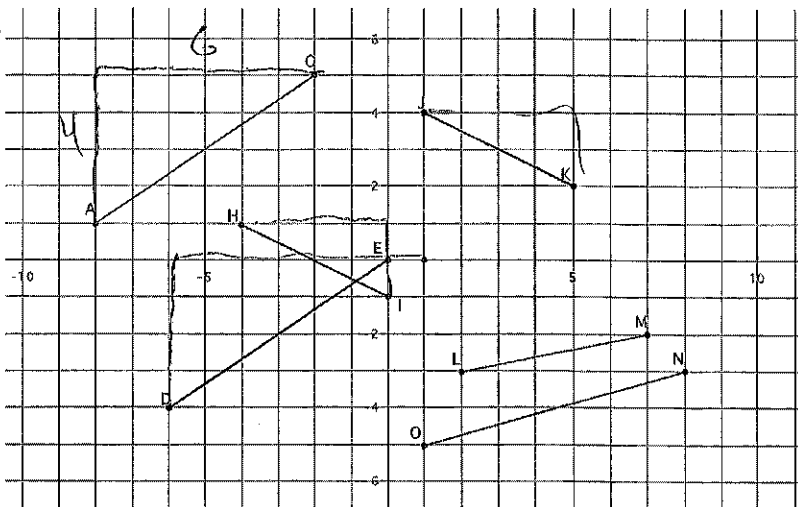
## Investigate Parallel and Perpendicular Lines

1. Which line segments to the right appear to be **parallel**?

$$\overline{AC} \parallel \overline{DE}$$

$$\overline{HI} \parallel \overline{JK}$$

$$\overline{LM} \parallel \overline{ON}$$



2. Find the slope of  $\overline{AC}$ ,  $\overline{DE}$ ,  $\overline{HI}$ ,

$\overline{JK}$ .

$$\overline{AC} = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\overline{DE} = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\overline{HI} = \frac{-2}{4}$$

$$\overline{JK} = \frac{-2}{4}$$

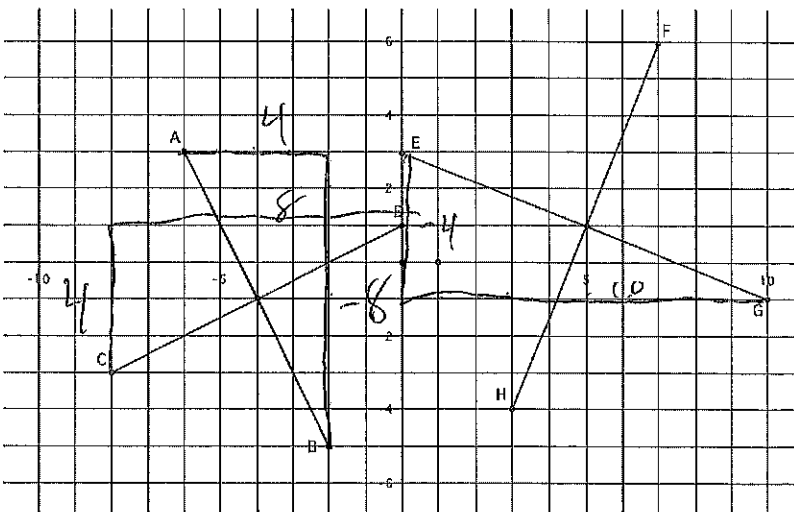
3. How do the slopes of the parallel lines compare?

They are equal!

4. Which line segments to the right appear to be **perpendicular**?

$$\overline{AB} \perp \overline{CD}$$

$$\overline{HF} \perp \overline{EG}$$



5. Find the slope of each line segment.

$$\overline{AB} = \frac{-8}{4}$$

$$\overline{CD} = \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\overline{EG} = \frac{-4}{10}$$

$$\overline{FH} = \frac{10}{4}$$

6. How do the slopes of perpendicular lines compare?

Opposite reciprocal

**Parallel Lines Property**

In a coordinate plane, parallel lines have same slope.

Examples:  $y = 4x - 2$   
 $y = 4x + 3$

**Perpendicular Lines Property**

In a coordinate plane, perpendicular lines have opposite reciprocal

Examples:  $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 3$  &  $y = -2x + 3$

**Examples:**

1. Write an equation of the line that contains the point  $(-3, -5)$  and is **parallel** to the line  $y = 3x - 1$ .

$$y = 3x + 4$$

2. Write an equation of the line that contains the point  $(4, -5)$  and is **perpendicular** to the line  $y = 2x + 3$ .

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 3$$

**Now You Try:**

3. Write an equation of the line that passes through  $(4, 3)$  and is perpendicular to the line  $y = 4x - 7$ .

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 4$$

4. Write an equation of the line that passes through  $(8, 2)$  and is parallel to the line  $y = -2x + 6$

$$y = -2x + 18$$